



MACRO VISION ACADEMY, BURHANPUR

SUMMER ASSIGNMENT 2018-19

ENGLISH

CLASS IX

Q.1. Read the following passage carefully and solve it:

Think of the Environment

The next time you take print—outs unnecessarily or you throw a paper into the bin, think for a minute as to how many trees have been felled to manufacture something you use so often everyday.

Can you take out some time from your everyday routine and devote it to starting a simple recycling programme at your school or your neighbourhood? Not only would you save our planet from the torture of felling greenery, you would also reduce generation and dumping of waste into the environment.

Using recycled paper conserves natural resources. As our worldwide population grows, the strain on these resources becomes even greater. You can drastically reduce the number of trees cut down for manufacturing paper. In addition to saving landfill space, you cut down on your expenses of trash-disposal. There is a reduction in air pollution caused due to incineration. Making paper from discards instead of trees not only saves forests, it also reduces energy use by up to three quarters and requires less than half as much water. Items that are made of paper and may be recycled are called loose paper, a few examples are paper bags, envelopes, cardboard, wrapping paper, soft-cover books, magazines, newspapers and cardboard egg-trays.

A paper-recycling programme gives a positive image to large corporations or business organisations. Parents can teach their children the importance of recycled paper by bringing about simple changes in the lifestyle. Schools can also train students to make paper products like folders, penholders, material for display board, lampshades, teaching/learning aids, etc. Students can creatively make their own cards, files, folders, invitation cards and certificates for the school. Working on a paper recycling plant demonstrates the concept of recycling waste into 'wealth'. The real success of such programmes is visible in the seemingly simple acts like students exchanging books in a new academic session, indirectly saving paper and thereby, trees. This is amazing that only a single sheet is saved by each child, 40,000 trees could be saved per year by students only.

Learning the facts about recycling paper will help you as you fulfill your part to keep the environment green. If we keep our minds focussed on the desire to be friendly to our earth and her resources, recycling will become important. After a while, we will be in the habit of recycling the paper that we use in the course of a given day.

(a) Answer the following questions:

(2×4=8)

- (i) Why do you need to think before you take print-outs unnecessarily?
- (ii) Name the products that can be obtained from recycled paper.
- (iii) How can schools help in creating awareness about paper recycling?
- (iv) What act of children can save paper indirectly?

(b) Answer the following by selecting the most appropriate option:

(1×4=4)

- (i) The antonym of 'increase' is
(a) drastically (b) incineration (c) reduce (d) discard
- (ii) The synonym of 'pressure' is
(a) torture (b) strain (c) disposal (d) concept
- (iii) The synonym of 'preserve' is
(a) save (b) recycle (c) conserve (d) keep
- (iv) The antonym of 'Incomes' is
(a) expenses (b) reduction (c) conserves (d) wealth

Q.2. Write a conversation between you and any two members of your family separately. Please follow the below mentioned instructions

- * You can choose any general topics for conversation
- * The conversation should be in dialogue form
- * Act as an interviewer and draft the conversation

Q.3. Make a mind map/flow chart of the following chapter & poem:

- A. The Fun They Had
- B. The Road Not Taken

Q.4. You are Purnima /Pavan , living at 3244, Sarita Colony, Mumbai-32. Your friend Sunitha / Sanjeev has gone to Chennai due to the transfer of her/ his father. Recollecting the sweet memories of old times, write a letter in about 100 words inviting her /him to stay with you during the vacation. Also mention the programme you have planned according to her/his liking.

Q.5. **A) Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions.**

1. The delay was due ----- engine failure. (with / to / at)
2. He is not eligible ----- admission to this course. (with / for / of)
3. They have embarked ----- an expedition. (with / on / off)
4. She is engaged ----- a young doctor. (with / to / on)
5. The wicked man tried to entice him ----- evil habits. (at / with / into)
6. The officer is entrusted ----- the task of maintaining law and order in the city.
(to / with / of)
7. She is envious ----- her rich neighbour. (with / of / off)
8. His selfishness estranged him ----- his family. (with / from / of)
9. You had no excuse ----- misbehaving with the clerk. (of / for / to)
10. I want to exchange my Honda ----- a Lamborghini. (for / with / to)

B) Complete the following sentences using one of the following determiners.

[a few, a little, a lot, a lot of, the majority of, enough, many, plenty, much of, several of, some]

1. There is not meat left.
2. of shops are open 24 hours a day 7 days a week.
3. of time is needed to learn a language.
4. criminals are harmless.
5. I am having of trouble going through the customs.
6. the information we found on their website proved to be outdated.
7. We are close to the deadline, but there is still time left.
8. I think you drank wine yesterday.
9. Although there are of brilliant students in our country, only of them will choose to remain here after their studies.
10. my friends want to emigrate.

Q.6. Below is the list of 10 famous novels in English and their writers. Read at least one novel and write the summary. Also bring hard copy of the same novel and submit with the assignment.

1. Khushwant Singh – Train to Pakistan
2. Call of the wild by Jack London
3. Salman Rushdie – Midnight’s Children
4. A Passage to India by EM Forster (1924)
5. Mahatma Gandhi – The Story Of My Experiments With The Truth
6. The Thirty-Nine Steps by John Buchan (1915)
7. R.K. Narayan – The Guide
8. The Rainbow by DH Lawrence (1915)
9. Gulliver’s Travels by Jonathan Swift (1726)
10. Arundhati Roy – God of Small Things
