

	<b>Sample Paper-II</b>		
<b>Class:</b>	XI Commerce		
<b>Time:</b>	02:30 Hrs.		
<b>M.M:</b>	75		

## Personal Information

**Student's Name:-** \_\_\_\_\_ **Father's Name:-** \_\_\_\_\_

**City:-** \_\_\_\_\_ **Mobile No:-** \_\_\_\_\_ **Exam Date:-** / /2023

**Studying in Class:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Appearing for class:-** \_\_\_\_\_ **Board:** \_\_\_\_\_

- All questions are compulsory.
- Section A contains 15 questions (from 1-15) of Mathematics.
- Section B contains 40 questions (from 16-55) of So. Science.
- Section E contains 17 questions (from 56-72) of English.

<b>Mathematics</b>	<b>So. Science</b>	<b>English</b>	<b>OBTAINED MARKS</b>
<b>(15)</b>	<b>(40)</b>	<b>(20)</b>	<b>(75)</b>

<b>Section-A</b>		
<b>Mathematics</b>		
<b>Q.N</b>	<b>Questions</b>	<b>Answers</b>
1.	The LCM and HCF of two numbers a and b are l and m respectively then $l \times m = \dots\dots\dots$	
2.	The distance between the point P(1, 4) and Q(4, 0) is $\dots\dots\dots$ ?	
3.	The number of polynomials having zeroes as -2 and 5 is $\dots\dots\dots$ ?	
4.	If $3 \cot \theta = 2$ , then the value of $\tan \theta + \sec \theta = ?$	
5.	The height of a tower is 12 m. What is the length of its shadow when the Sun's altitude is $45^\circ$ ?	

6.	Asha has only ₹1 and ₹2 coins with her. If the total number of coins that she has is 50 and the amount of money with her is ₹75, then the number of ₹1 and ₹2 coins are, respectively ..... And ..... ?	
7.	There can be ..... number of tangents can be drawn on to a circle.	
8.	The relationship between mean, median and mode for a moderately skewed distribution is ..... ?	
9.	The sum of the squares of two consecutive natural numbers is 313. The numbers are ..... ?	
10.	If the lines given by $2x + ky = 1$ and $3x - 5y = 7$ are parallel, then the value of k is ..... ?	
11.	If the distance between the points $(x, -1)$ and $(3, 2)$ is 5, then the value of x is ..... ?	
12.	A solid piece of iron in the form of a cuboid of dimension $49 \text{ cm} \times 33 \text{ cm} \times 24 \text{ cm}$ is melted to form a solid sphere. The radius of sphere is ..... ?	
13.	The area of the square that can be inscribed in a circle of radius 8 cm is (in $\text{cm}^2$ ):.	
14.	The $n^{\text{th}}$ term of an A.P. is denoted as $3n+4$ then common difference d is?	
15.	From a well shuffled deck of 52 cards a card is drawn random find the probability of drawing red face card is?	

**Section-B**  
**Social Science**

**History**

16.	_____ is a vision of society that is so ideal that it is unlikely to actually exist.	
17.	In 1848, FrédéricSorrieu, a French artist, prepared a series of four prints visualising his dream of a world made up of _____ as he called them.	
18.	The main aim of the French revolutionaries was to create a sense of _____ identity among the French people.	

19.	At the Calcutta session of Congress in September 1920, a resolution was passed to launch a _____ Movement in support of Khilafat as well as for Swaraj.	
20.	_____ was a miller of sixteenth century in Italy who reinterpreted the message of the Bible and formulated a view of God and Creation that enraged the Roman Catholic Church.	
21.	Name the first book printed by Johann Gutenberg.	
22.	Which is the oldest printed Japanese book?	
23.	Name the Treaty of 1832 that recognised Greece as an independent nation.	
24.	When did Mahatma Gandhi return to India ?	
25.	Name the Act which gave enormous powers to the government to repress political activities.	
<b>Political science</b>		
26.	Belgium, out of the total population, 59 percent live in the Flemish region and speak _____ language.	
27.	When power is shared among different organs of the government it is called as _____	
28.	_____ made the shift from Unitary to Federal system of Government.	
29.	If there is a conflict in the laws made for the subjects in the Concurrent List, then the decision made by _____ will prevail.	
30.	The Equal Remuneration Act, ----- provides that equal wages should be paid to equal work.	
31.	Name a country that has one-party system.	
32.	Name the alliance formed by the Congress Party.	
33.	Indian federal system is an example of which type of federation:	
34.	What is the official post for the chair person of a Municipal Corporation?	

35.	At which level of government in India 1/3rd of seats are reserved for women?	
<b>Economics</b>		
36.	Which soil is also known as cotton soil?	
37.	On the basis of _____, resources can be classified into biotic and abiotic resources.	
38.	_____ is defined as the total value of all final goods and services produced with a country plus net income from transactions like (export and import) with other countries.	
39.	Literacy rate measures the proportion of literate population in which age group?	
40.	In which sector all natural products are changed into forms through ways of manufacturing ?	
41.	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act was launched in _____.	
42.	Which authority issues currency notes in India?	
43.	Banks hold about _____ per cent of their deposits as cash to pay the depositors who might come to withdraw money from the bank on any given day.	
44.	What is full form of MNC ?	
45.	Removing barriers or restrictions set by the government is known as _____.	
46.	_____ mortality indicate the number of Children that die before the age or one year as a proportion of 100 live children born in that particular year.	
47.	_____ is the total number or children age group 14 and 15 years attending school as a percentae of total number of children in the same age.	
<b>Geography</b>		
48.	What is IUCN?	

49.	"Project Tiger", one of the well- publicised wildlife campaigns in the world, was launched in _____.	
50.	What kind of resource is water?	
51.	_____ is the growing of vegetables, flowers and fruits for commercial use.	
52.	What is also known as 'Golden Fibre'?	
53.	Which rock consists of single mineral only ?	
54.	The term _____ is used to describe an accumulation of any material mixed with other elements.	
55.	Which place in India produces more copper?	

**Section-C**

**English**

**Read the passage given below:**

1. I was the last child of a small-time government servant, in a family of five brothers. My very earliest memory of my father is as that of a district employment officer in Koraput, Orissa. It was and remains as back of beyond as you can imagine. There was no electricity; no primary school nearby and water did not flow out of a tap. As a result, I did not go to school until the age of eight; I was home-schooled.

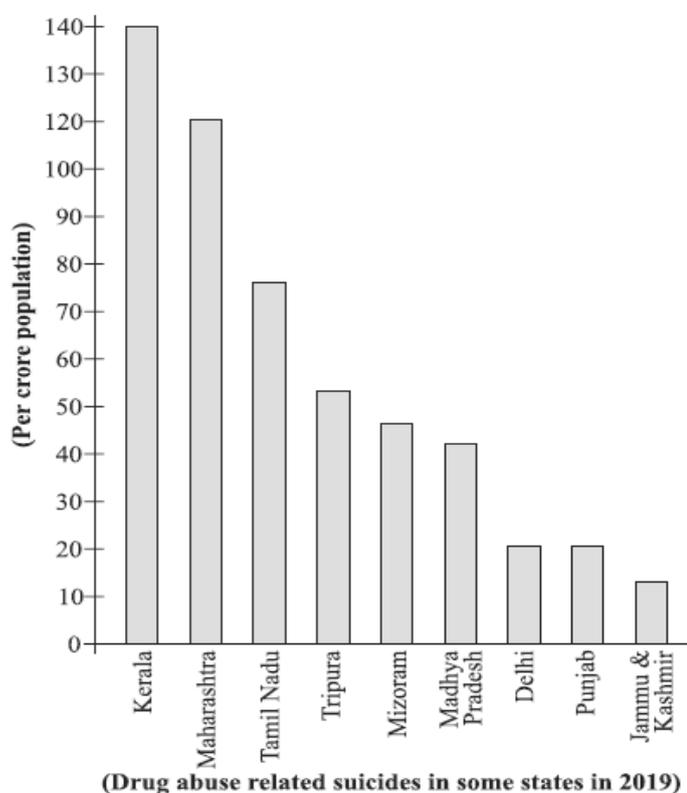
2. My father used to get transferred every year. The family belongings fit into the back of a jeep, so the family moved from place to place; without any trouble, my mother would set up an establishment and get us going. Raised by a widow who had come as refugee from the then East Bengal, she was matriculate when she married my father. My parents set the foundation of my life and the value system which makes me what I am today and largely defines what success means to me.

3. My father had been given a jeep by the government. There was no garage in the office, so the jeep was parked in our house. My father refused to use it to commute to the office. He told us that the jeep was an expensive resource given by the government; it was not 'his jeep' but the government's. Insisting that he would use it only to tour the interiors, he would walk to his office on normal days. He also made sure that we sat in the jeep only when it was stationary. That was our early childhood lesson in governance, a lesson that corporate managers learn the hard way. Indeed, some never do.

	<p>4. The jeep's driver was treated with respect like any other member of my father's office. As small children, we were taught not to call him by his name. We had to use the suffix 'dada' whenever we were to refer to him in public or in private. When I grew up to own a car, a driver by the name of Raju was appointed.</p> <p>I repeated the lesson to my two small daughters. They have, as a result, grown up to call Raju, 'Raju Uncle'—very different from many of their friends who refer to their family drivers as 'my driver'. When I hear that term from a school or college-going person, I cringe. To me, the lesson was significant: You treat small people with more respect than big people. It is more important to respect your subordinates than your superiors.</p>
<p><b>On the basis of your understanding of the passage, attempt the following questions.</b></p>	
56.	<p><b>The narrator did not go to school until the age of eight because:</b></p> <p>(a) there was no electricity in his village.  (b) there was no primary school nearby his home.  (c) water did not flow out of a tap.  (d) All of these</p>
57.	<p>The narrator's family moved from place to place every year because:</p> <p>(a) they did not get as good school as he desired.  (b) they did not get as good home as he desired.  (c) of lack of drinking water.  (d) his father used to get transferred every year.</p>
58.	<p>The narrator's father parked the jeep of his office in his own house as:</p> <p>(a) he had too much spare space in his house.  (b) it was the order of his senior.  (c) he needed that car even in his house.  (d) there was no garage in the office.</p>
59.	<p>According to the narrator's father, the jeep given by the government was:</p> <p>(a) a luxurious resource    (b) a cheap resource  (c) a cause for dullness    (d) an expensive resource</p>

60.	<p>Choose the option that is the most appropriate title for the passage.</p> <p>(a) The Corporate Sector</p> <p>(b) The Life of a Government Employee</p> <p>(c) The Hurdles in the Life of a Government Employee</p> <p>(d) The Life of a Servant</p>	
<b>Read the passage given below:</b>		
<p>The epidemic of drug abuse in young generation has assumed alarming dimensions in India. Changing cultural values, increasing economic stress and dwindling supportive bonds are leading to initiation of drug abuse.</p> <p>Drug addiction causes immense human distress and the illegal production and distribution of drugs have spawned crime and violence worldwide. June 26 is celebrated as international day against Drug Abuse. It is an exercise undertaken by the world community to sensitize the people in general and the youth in particular to the menace of drugs.</p> <p>The pattern of drug abuse in India has under gone changes over the years. Use of drugs like charas, ganja, and opium was a tradition in some places of India, where they were mainly used for ritualistic purposes.</p> <p>According to a UN report, one million heroin addicts are registered in India, and unofficially there are as many as five million. Inhalation of heroin alone has given way to intravenous drug use that too in combination with other sedatives and painkillers. This has increased the intensity of the effect, hastened the process of addiction and complicated the process of recovery. A large number of people commit suicide due to drug/ alcohol/addiction. Drug abuse is a complex phenomenon, which has various social, cultural, biological, geographical, historical and economic aspects.</p> <p>The disintegration of the old joint family system, absence of parental love and care in modern families where both parents are working, decline of old religious and moral values etc. lead to a rise in the number of drug addicts who take drugs to escape hard realities of life.</p> <p>Drug abuse is primarily due to the nature of the drug abused, the personality of the individual and the addict's immediate environment. The processes of industrialisation, urbanisation and migration have led to loosening of the traditional methods of social control rendering individual vulnerable to the stresses and strains</p>		

of modern life. Drug abuse caused a detrimental impact on the society. It has led to increase in the crime rate. According to the World Health Organisation report 2002, 8.9% of the total burden of disease is due to use of psychoactive substances. Adolescent drug abuse is one of the major areas of concern in adolescent and young people's behaviour. It is estimated that in India, by the time most boys reach ninth grade, about 40% of them have tried at least one of the substances of abusive nature.



**On the basis of your understanding of the passage, attempt the following questions.**

61.	<p>What are the factors that cause drug abuse in young generation?</p> <p>(a) Changing cultural values</p> <p>(b) Increasing economic stress</p> <p>(c) Dwindling supportive bonds</p> <p>(d) All of these</p>	
62.	<p>What is/are the adverse impact (s) of drug addiction?</p> <p>(a) Enormous human distress</p> <p>(b) Illegal production of drugs</p>	

	(c) Illegal distribution of drugs (d) All of these	
63.	According to the graph, how many people out of one crore committed suicide due to drug addiction in Maharashtra in 2019? (a) Nearly 142                      (b) Nearly 122 (c) Nearly 132                      (d) Nearly 112	
64.	According to a UN report, how many heroin addicts are registered in India? (a) One lakh                      (b) Ten lakh (c) One crore                      (d) Ten crore	
65.	Based on your understanding of the passage, choose the option that lists the causes of the rise in the number of drug addicts. 1. Disintegration of joint family system 2. Absence of parental love 3. Decline of old religious and moral values 4. Absence of enough money 5. Stress in modern life (a) 1, 2 and 4                      (b) 2, 3 and 5 (c) 2, 3 and 4                      (d) 1, 2 and 3	
66.	Select options showing a sensible and meaningful serial order of the jumbled sentences. [a] He was frightened to see it. [b] From that time, the shepherd and the lion became good friends. [c] He spoke to it gently and pulled out a thorn from its paw. [d] Long ago, a shepherd was roaming in the hot desert land of Africa where he met a lion. [e] But when he saw the lion in terrible pain, he walked towards it. (a) d, e, c, a, b                      (b) b, d, c, e, a (c) d, a, e, c, b                      (d) c, e, d, b, a	

67.	<p>Select options showing a sensible and meaningful serial order of the jumbled sentences.</p> <p>[a] He felt that it was time for the Kingdom to pass into younger hands.</p> <p>[b] He had ruled his kingdom wisely.</p> <p>[c] There was once a king in England called Lear.</p> <p>[d] So he decided to give up his title and spend the rest of his life in peace.</p> <p>[e] But now he was old and feeble.</p> <p>(a) c, b, e, a, d                      (b) c, e, b, a, d</p> <p>(c) c, b, e, d, a                        (d) a, c, d, e, b</p>	
68.	<p>Select options showing a sensible and meaningful serial order of the jumbled sentences.</p> <p>[a] The villagers were highly pleased.</p> <p>[b] There was an announcement of a Puppet Show.</p> <p>[c] The owner of the Puppet Show suddenly died.</p> <p>[d] The members of the Puppet Show were to arrive on Sunday.</p> <p>[e] The show was cancelled.</p> <p>(a) d, b, c, e, a                      (b) a, b, c, d, e</p> <p>(c) b, a, d, c, e                        (d) b, d, a, c, e</p>	
<p><b>Fill in the blanks in the paragraph given below with the help of options that follow. (From Q. No. 69 – 71)</b></p>		
<p>My mother was both a mother and a father (69) _____ me. She taught us the right values. Until she passed away, (70) _____ all looked towards her (71) _____ support. We were very scared of her.</p>		
69.	to / of / in / at	
70.	they / we / she / then	
71.	of / for / in / at	
72.	<p>You are Deep/Deepika of C-105, Janak Puri, New Delhi. You are extremely disturbed on reading about attacks on old people living alone. Write a letter to the Editor of "The New Indian Express" sensitizing people and drawing attention to this problem.</p> <p><b>Ans.</b> .....</p> <p>.....</p>	

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