

Sample Paper-I (2026-27)		For Office
Class:	X	Use Only
Time:	03:00 Hrs.	
M.M:	80	

## **Personal Information**

Student's Name:	Fath				
City:	Mobile No:	Exam Date:-	/	/2026	
Studying in Class:-	_ Appearing for class:	Board:			
Present School Name:		Category:			

Physics	Chemistry	Biology	Mathematics	Hindi	English	MAT	Total	Remark
(10)	(10)	(10)	(25)	(05)	(10)	(10)	(80)	

	Physics (10)	MM			
	Choose the correct answer. (Q. 1 and 2)				
1.	A passenger in a moving train, tosses a coin that falls behind him. It means that the				
	motion of the train is-				
	(a) Accelerated (b) Uniform				
	(c) Retarded (d) Along circular tracks				
2.	The power of a moving object is stored in the form of	1			
	(a) Force and time (b) Force and distance				
	(c) Force and velocity (d) Work and distance				
	Case Study (Q. 3 and 4): A group of students went on a school trip to the mountains.				
	While shouting their names near a cliff, they noticed that their voice returned after a				
	short interval. The teacher explained that this was due to the reflection of sound from				
	the cliff surface.				
3.	What phenomenon of sound is observed in this situation?	1			
4.	If the echo was heard after 4 seconds, and the speed of sound is 340 m/s, calculate	1			
	the distance of the cliff from the students.				
5.	In the speed-time graph for a moving object shown here, the part which indicates	1			
	uniform deceleration of the object is:				
	$ \begin{array}{c c} B \\ \hline P Q \\ \hline                                  $				

	Question Based on Reason & Assertion. (Q. 6 and 7)	
	(a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation	
	of assertion (A).	
	(b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct	
	explanation of assertion (A)	
	(c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.	
	(d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.	
6.	Assertion (A): Echo is the repetition of sound due to reflection by a large and hard	1
	obstacle.	
	Reason (R): To hear a distinct echo, the time gap between the original and reflected	
	sound must be at least 0.1 seconds.	
7.	Assertion (A): Mass is a measure of inertia of the body in linear motion.	1
	<b>Reason (R):</b> Inertia is the tendency of a body to resist change in its state of motion.	
8.	What type of wave is produced in the air inside the cup when Anuj speaks?	1
	Fill in the blank. (Q. 9 and 10)	
9.	The motion of a freely falling body under gravity is an example of	1
	accelerated motion.	
10.	A car of mass 1500 kg is moving with a velocity of 60 km/h. The work required to	1
	stop it is	
	Chemistry (10)	
	Choose the correct answer. (Q. 11 and 12)	
11.	The formula of a compound is $X_3Y_2$ . The valencies of X and Y are	1
	(a) 1 and 2 (b) 1 and 3 (c) 3 and 2 (d) 2 and 3	
12.	The formula of aluminium chloride is	1
	(a) $AI_3Cl$ (b) $AICl$ (c) $AlCl_3$ (d) $AlCl_3$	
	Case Study (Q. 13 and 14): It is observed that atoms of elements having a completely	
	filled outermost shell with 8 electrons show very little or no chemical activity. In other	
	words, the combining capacity or valency of such elements is zero. The combining	
	capacity of the atoms of elements, i.e, their tendency to react and form molecules is	
	an attempt to attain a fully-filled outermost shell. Atoms would thus react to achieve	
	an octet in the outermost shell. This is done by sharing, gaining or losing electrons.	
13.	Write the chemical formula of sodium carbonate and aluminium sulphate.	1
14.	Write the electronic configuration of the element having atomic number 16.	1
15.	Which of the following picture represents the arrangement in liquid?	1
	1 2 3	

	Question Based on Reason & Assertion. (Q. 16 and 17)	
	(a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation	
	of assertion (A).	
	(b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct	
	explanation of assertion (A)	
	(c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.	
	(d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.	
16.	Assertion (A): K shell is nearest to the nucleus and has the highest energy.	1
	Reason (R): K shell can accommodate a maximum of two electrons.	
17.	Assertion (A): Isotopes of an element have the same number of protons but different	1
	numbers of neutrons.	
	Reason (R): Isotopes have different mass numbers but the same atomic number.	
18.	What is law of conservation?	1
	Fill in the blank. (Q. 19 and 20)	
19.	Atoms combine in the ratio of small whole numbers to form	1
20.	isotope is taken as the standard reference for measuring atomic mass.	1
	Biology (10)	
	Choose the correct answer. (Q. 21 and 22)	
21.	Which statement not correctly describes the function of epidermal cells of root	1
	(a) To protect the root from the invasion against parasites	
	(b) To provide strength to roots so that it can combat abiotic stresses	
	(c) To increase the surface area for absorption of water.	
	(d) None of the above	
22.	Cardiac muscle is one of the three major types of muscles, the others being Skeletal	1
	and smooth muscles. It is found in the walls and histological foundation of the heart.	
	Which one of the following statements is not related to the cardiac muscles?	
	(a) They muscles show rhythmic contraction and relaxation throughout life.	
	(b) They do not work according to our will, so they are called involuntary muscles.	
	(c) They are non-striated, multinucleated and branched muscles.	
	(d) The contraction and relaxation of the heart muscles help to pump and distribute	
	blood to different parts of the body.	
	Case Study (Q. 23 and 24): Rohan is a curious student observing cells under a high-	
	power microscope in his school biology lab. He notices that the cell is not just a	
	simple structure but a highly organized unit with several distinct compartments	
	called organelles. Each organelle seems to have a specific task, much like workers in	
	a factory. For example, he observes tiny structures 'A' which are busy producing	
	proteins necessary for the cell's growth and repair. Nearby, thread-like structures	
	B'appear to be actively converting nutrients into energy in the form of ATP, which	
	powers various cellular activities. He also notices that the factory contain storage	

	toul which stone water particular and waste and water The autonican source at the	
	tank which store water, nutrients, and waste products. The cytoplasm serves as the	
	fluid medium where all these organelles float and interact. Rohan realizes that the cell	
	functions efficiently because of the division of labor among organelles, similar to a	
	well-run factory where each worker has a defined role.	
23.	Identify the structure A and B	1
24.	Name two type of cells on basis of their nuclear material.	1
25.	Picture given below comes under which category of crop Improvement programme.	1
	Question Based on Reason & Assertion. (Q. 26 and 27)	
	(a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation	
	of assertion (A).	
	(b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct	
	explanation of assertion (A)	
	(c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.	
	(d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.	
26.	<b>Assertion (A):</b> Vascular or conductive tissue is a distinctive feature of complex plants.	1
	Reason (R): Vascular tissue has made survival of complex plants possible in	
	terrestrial environment	
27.	<b>Assertion (A):</b> Vermicomposting is an eco-friendly way to enrich soil.	1
	Reason (R): Earthworms decompose inorganic waste into nutrient-rich manure.	
28.	Explain why plant cells are more rigid than animal cells.	1
	Fill in the blank. (Q. 29 to 30)	
29.	The network of membranes involved in protein and lipid synthesis is	1
30.	are dead, rigid cells that provide mechanical support to plants, while	1
	tissue helps in transport of food.	

	Maths (25)	
	Choose the correct answer. (Q. 31 to 35)	
31.	Which of the following is true about $x = 0.\overline{6}$ ?	1
	(a) $x$ is a rational number because $x$ can be written in the form $\frac{p}{q}$ by solving the	
	equation $10x = 6 + x$ .	
	(b) $x$ is a rational number because $x$ can be written in the form $\frac{p}{q}$ by solving the	
	equation $10x = 6 - x$ .	
	(c) x is an irrational number because x can be written in the form $\frac{p}{q}$ by solving the	
	equation $10x = 6 + x$ .	
	(d) $x$ is an irrational number because $x$ can be written in the form $\frac{p}{q}$ by solving the	
	equation $10x = 6 - x$ .	
32.	The value of 249 <sup>2</sup> - 248 <sup>2</sup>	1
	(a) 1 <sup>2</sup> (b) 477 (c) 487 (d) 497	
33.	Sanjay claims that (4, 3) is one of the solutions of the equation $2x - y + 3 = 5$ . Is	1
	sanjay's claim correct?	
	(a) Yes, as 2(4) – 3+ 3 simplifies to 5 and 5 is also the number on the right-hand side	
	of the equation.	
	(b) Yes, as 2(3) – 4 + 3 simplifies to 5 and 5 is also the number on the right-hand side	
	of the equation.	
	(c) No, but replacing 5 in the given equation with 8 will result in the equation having	
	(4, 3) as one of its solutions.	
	(d) No, but replacing 5 in the given equation with 3 will result in the equation having	
	(4, 3) as one of its solutions.	
34.	Which of the following statements are true about frequency polygons?	1
	(i) They are constructed using mid-points of class intervals.	
	(ii) The area of frequency polygon is equal to the area of histogram.	
	(iii) They can be used to compare multiple distributions.	
	(a) (i) and (ii) (b) (i), (ii) and (iii) (c) (i) and (iii) (d) None of above	
35.	In Fig. O is the centre of a circle and $\angle OAB = 50^{\circ}$ then, $\angle BOD$ equals	1
	D	
	c	
	A 50° B	
	(a) 50° (b) 80° (c) 100° (d) 130°	
	•	

	Fill in the Blank. (Q. 36 to 4	ł2)				
36.	The greatest chord of a circle	is called its			1	
37.	If A(-2, 3) and B (-3, 5) are t	wo given points tl	nen (abscissa of A) –	(abscissa of B) =	1	
38.	The base of a right triangle is	48 cm and its hyp	ootenuse is 50 cm lon	g. The area of the	1	
	triangle is					
39.	$(3\sqrt{5} - 5\sqrt{2})(4\sqrt{5} + 3\sqrt{2}) = $					
	(343-342)(443+342)	• 				
40.	If the angle $(2x-10)^{\circ}$ and $(x-10)^{\circ}$	$(x-5)^{\circ}$ are compler	nentary angles, then	the value of x is	1	
41.	( \( \sum_{\text{x}} \text{x+1} \)				1	
. = v	If $\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}}\right)^{x+1} = \frac{125}{27}$ , then $x = $	·			_	
42.	If the length of a median of an	n equilateral triang	le is $x$ cm, then its ar	rea is	1	
	Answer the questions based	on given informa	tion. (Q. 43 to 46)			
	Sodium silicate is one of the o	constituents in liqu	aid soap. The graph s	hows the amount		
	of sodium silicate in liquid soa	ap.				
	350					
	300					
	250					
	200					
	(in mt )					
	(41 1112) 150					
	100					
	50					
	ا ه					
		500 1000 1	500 2000 2500 30	00 3500		
		Liqu	iid soap (in mL)			
43.	How much sodium silicate (m.	l) is used for maki	ng 10L of soap?		1	
	(a) 100 (b) 110	(c) 100	00 (d) 10	000		
44.	Write an equation to show t	the relation betwe	een quantities of sod	ium silicate and	1	
	liquid soap.					
	The table given below shows t	he number of stud	lents in Sunn Valley S	School.		
	Class	Number of Girls	Number of Boys			
	VI	18	22			
	VII	17	15			
	VIII	20	19			
	IX	15	19			
	X	17	21			
L						

45.	Every year, one student is randomly chosen form Class X as the head student. The	1
	head student is responsible for representing the school.	
	What is the probability of a girl being the head student?	
	(a) $\frac{17}{21}$ (b) $\frac{17}{38}$ (c) $\frac{17}{87}$ (d) $\frac{17}{183}$	
46.	All students of Class VI took part in a drawing competition. Aditi is a girl studying in	1
	Class VI. The teacher says, "The winner of this year's drawing competition is a boy	
	from Class VI."	
	What is Aditi's probability of having won the competition?	
	Subjective Type Questions (Q. 47 to 51)	
47.	In Fig., $AB \parallel CD \parallel EF$ and $PQ \parallel RS, \angle RQD = 30^{\circ}$ and $\angle CQP = 80^{\circ}$ . Find $\angle QRS$	1
48.	Two chords AB and CD of lengths 5 cm and 11 cm respectively of a circle are parallel to each other and are on opposite sides of its centre. If the distance between AB and	1
	to each other and are on opposite sides of its centre. If the distance between AB and CD is 6 cm, find the radius of the circle	
	$ \begin{array}{c}  & M \\  & M \\  & x \text{ cm} \\  & O \\  & 6 \xrightarrow{-x} \text{ cm} \\  & N \end{array} $	
49.	If the radius of a sphere is doubled, what is the ratio of the volume of the first sphere	1
	to that of the second sphere?	
50.	If $x + \frac{1}{x} = 5$ , find the value of $x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4}$ .	1
51.	Show that the diagonals of a square are equal.	1
	Case Study (Q. 52 to 55): Akshita is fond of playing with clay. It develops	
	coordination and motor skills and builds imagination. She made a big ball with all the	
	clay available with her.	
	Based on the above information answer the following questions.	

52.	What is the volume of the clay she had if the radius of the ball formed is 9 cm?	1
53.	Akshita can reshape the clay into small balls each of radius 1.5 cm. What is the	1
	number of balls formed?	
54.	Find the surface area of each of the small ball.	1
55.	Find the curved surface area of a hemisphere of radius $3x$ .	1
	Hindi (05)	
56.	निम्नलिखित विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर अनुच्छेद लिखिए।	3
	(क) कृत्रिम बौध्दिकता (AI) के बढ़ंते कदम	
	(ख) पुस्तकें पढ़ने की आदत	
57.	निम्नलिखित वाक्यों को शुध्द करके लिखिए।	2
	(क) चारों बेटों का नाम बताओ।	
	(ख) वह छत पर से गिर पड़ा।	
	English (10)	
	Read the following text.	
	1. In today's fast-paced, hyper-connected world, multitasking is often glorified as a	
	skill necessary for success. From students juggling school assignments while	
	checking notifications, to professionals switching between meetings, emails, and	
	deadlines, multitasking seems not only inevitable but desirable. However, scientific	
	research suggests that multitasking is more illusion than reality. Rather than	
	performing multiple tasks simultaneously, the human brain is rapidly switching between them—often at a cognitive cost.	
	2. Studies in neuroscience have shown that multitasking actually reduces efficiency	
	and increases errors. When people switch from one task to another, their brains must	
	readjust, a process known as "context switching." Each switch demands time and	
	mental energy, which cumulatively impairs performance. According to Dr. Clifford	
	Nass of Stanford University, heavy multitaskers often have trouble filtering irrelevant	
	information, organizing their thoughts, and remembering important details.	
	Paradoxically, those who multitask the most are often the least effective at doing so.	
	3. The myth of multitasking is deeply embedded in modern culture. Job descriptions	
	praise the "ability to multitask under pressure," and digital natives are celebrated for	
	their supposed ability to manage multiple streams of information. But this cultural narrative overlooks the long-term consequences: decreased attention span, shallow	
	thinking, and reduced capacity for deep focus.	
	4. That said, it would be unrealistic to advocate for complete monotasking in an	
	interconnected world. The key, perhaps, lies in mindful task management. Instead of	
	switching tasks every few minutes, people might benefit from setting clear time blocks	
	for focused work, followed by intentional breaks. Tools such as the Pomodoro	
	Technique or digital well-being apps encourage such structured concentration.	
	5. Multitasking may offer the illusion of productivity, but in reality, it fragments our	
	attention and diminishes our capacity to think deeply. As our lives become more	
	digital, learning how to concentrate may become a more valuable skill than juggling	
	multiple tasks at once.  Based on your reading of the above passage, answer the following questions.	
	based on your reading or the above passage, answer the following questions.	

58.	What is the author's primary claim about multitasking?		1			
	(a) It is a skill only digital natives possess.					
	(b) It is necessary for survival in modern life.					
	(c) It improves productivity and mental agility.					
	(d) It is a misleading concept that harms efficiency.					
59.	According to Dr. Clifford Nass, heavy multitaskers:		1			
	(a) Perform better under pressure than monotaskers.					
	(b) Have difficulty organizing thoughts and filtering information.					
	(c) Prefer traditional forms of communication.					
	(d) Excel in managing multiple tasks efficiently.					
60.	Which of the following best describes the tone of the passage?					
	(a) Sarcastic and dismissive. (b) Optimistic and encouraging.					
	(c) Neutral and factual. (d) Critical but balanced.					
	Pood the following tout		ſ			

## Read the following text.

- 1. Access to education and literacy rates have improved significantly worldwide over the past few decades, yet disparities persist across regions and socio-economic groups. Education is recognized as a fundamental human right and a key driver of sustainable development, empowering individuals and fostering economic growth.
- 2. According to UNESCO data, global literacy rates among adults (aged 15 and above) rose from approximately 76% in 1990 to 86% in 2020. Despite this progress, regions such as Sub-Saharan Africa and South Asia still report adult literacy rates below 70%. These disparities are influenced by factors including poverty, gender inequality, political instability, and insufficient educational infrastructure.
- 3. School enrollment rates at the primary and secondary levels have similarly increased. However, completion rates and quality of education remain concerns. For example, many children enrolled in school do not complete secondary education, particularly in low-income countries.
- 4. The COVID-19 pandemic caused unprecedented disruptions, with over 1.6 billion learners affected by school closures worldwide in 2020. Remote learning technologies provided alternatives, but access to digital resources varied greatly, exacerbating educational inequalities.
- 5. Efforts to improve education outcomes include expanding access to early childhood education, investing in teacher training, and implementing inclusive policies for marginalized groups. International initiatives like the Sustainable Development Goal 4 (SDG 4) aim to "ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all" by 2030.

Table: Adult Literacy Rates by Region (2020)

Region	Literacy Rate (%)
North America	99
Europe	98
East Asia & Pacific	95
Latin America	93
South Asia	68
Sub-Saharan Africa	65

Based on your reading of the above passage, answer the following questions.

61.	Which regions had adult literacy rates below 70% in 2020?						
	(a) North America and Europe						
	(b) East Asia & Pacific and Latin America						
	(c) South Asia and Sub-Saharan Africa						
62.	According to the passage, what is one key focus of SDG 4?						
	(a) Increasing fossil fuel use						
	(b) Ensuring equitable quality education for all						
	(c) Reducing urbanization						
	(d) Promoting privatization of schools						
63.	Which factor doe	es NOT contribute to	disparities in literacy ra	ates?	1		
	(a) Poverty (b) Gender inequality						
	(c) Political instability (d) Socio-economic factors						
64.	You are Ramesh	/ Ritu, a resident of	Green Valley colony. Fo	or the last several months,	4		
	the residents	have been facing	irregular water sup	oply, leading to severe			
	inconvenience. Write a letter to the Municipal Commissioner, highlighting the issue						
	and suggesting solutions like proper pipeline maintenance, water tankers, rainwater						
	harvesting syste	m (80-100 words).					
			OR				
	You are Priya/Pr	ranav, a resident of S	Sector 15, Chandigarh.	Write a letter to the Traffic			
	Police Officer co	mplaining about trai	ffic congestion near you	ar school. Suggest placing			
	traffic signals and deploying a traffic constable during peak hours. (80-100 words).						
	MAT (10)						
	Solve the quest	ion based on genera	al intelligence. (Q. 65	to 74)			
65.	If every letter in	a word is replaced 1	by the letter two position	ons earlier in the alphabet	1		
	$(A \rightarrow Y, B \rightarrow Z, C \rightarrow A)$ , how is PENCIL coded?						
	(a) NCLAGJ	(b) NCBKHI	(c) NCJAGJ	(d) NCLAGK			
66.	In a code the wo	ord TRADE is written	as USCFG. Using the s	same rule, how can PLANT	1		
	be written?						
	(a) QMBOV	(b) QMCPV	(c) QMCPO	(d) QNCPV			
67.	3, 6, 11, 18, 27,				1		
	(a) 34	(b) 36	(c) 38	(d) 40			
68.	2, 6, 18, 54,				1		
	(a) 108	(b) 162	(c) 216	(d) 120			
69.	M is the brother of N. P is the daughter of M. Q is the mother of N. How is Q related						
	P?						
	(a) Mother	(b) Aunt	(c) Grandmother	(d) Sister			
70.	X is the son of Y. Z is the daughter of Y. W is the son of Z. How is W related to X?				1		
	(a) Son (b) Nephew (c) Cousin (d) Brother						

71.	A person walks 8 km East, 6 km North, then 8 km West. How far and in which					
	direction is he from the starting point?					
	(a) 6 km North (b) 6 km East					
	(c) 10 km North-East (d) Back to starting point		point			
72.	Starting from home he walks 7 km North, then 24 km East, then 7 km South. Where					
	is he now relative to his starting point?					
	(a) 24 km East	(b) 10 km East	(c) 24 km West	(d) Back to start		
73.	Choose the alternative which is closely resembles the mirror image of the given combination.					
	S1DE42NA ANS43Q12 (2) 21Q34SNA (1) SNA34Q21 (4) 12Q43ANS (E)					
	(a) 1	(b) 2	(c) 3	(d) 4		
74.	Solve the riddle.				1	
	I speak without a mouth and hear without ears. I have no body, but I come alive with					
	wind. What am I?					
	(a) Whisper	(b) Echo	(c) Shadow	(d) Voice recorder		

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